



The Life and Remembrance of

# George Butterworth

(1885-1916)

at Trinity College

## Introduction

This exhibition from the Trinity Archive explores the undergraduate life of the composer George Butterworth, and reflects on the commemoration of a generation lost in the First World War.

George Butterworth entered Trinity College in October 1904 and graduated with Honours in the summer of 1908. An outstanding musician, he remained aloof from the light-hearted musical activities of his Trinity contemporaries.

It was in the wider University where most of George's friendships were made, and his remarkable gifts developed. It was at Trinity however that he first met the English don Reginald Tiddy (fellow 1905–16). The two men shared a passion for English folk music and rural culture, and, as founder members of the English Folk Dance Society, they were to dance regularly together in demonstration Morris teams. George is circled above in a group photograph of 1906; Reginald Tiddy is circled below.





THE PORTERS LODGE TRINITY

## Edwardian Trinity

At the turn of the 20th Century, Trinity was one of Oxford's smaller colleges, and then as now it had a reputation for friendliness. This sketch of 1913 shows members of the cricket team with their bags and bicycles at the porters' lodge on Broad Street. George Butterworth was a keen cricketer at school, although he never played in a Trinity College first eleven.

## Getting in

George came up to Oxford from Eton. There he had won a place as a King's Scholar against considerable competition, and it was hoped that he might also gain a classical scholarship at Trinity. The examination was held jointly with Wadham College in the first week of the Christmas Vacation of 1903.

Candidates spent several days in Oxford sitting papers in Greek and Roman history, philosophy and literature. There was also an English essay, entitled,

### *The origin and value of the sense of honour*

A sense of honour was firmly inculcated in every Edwardian schoolboy. When in 1914 they heard the call to arms, they knew exactly where their duty lay.

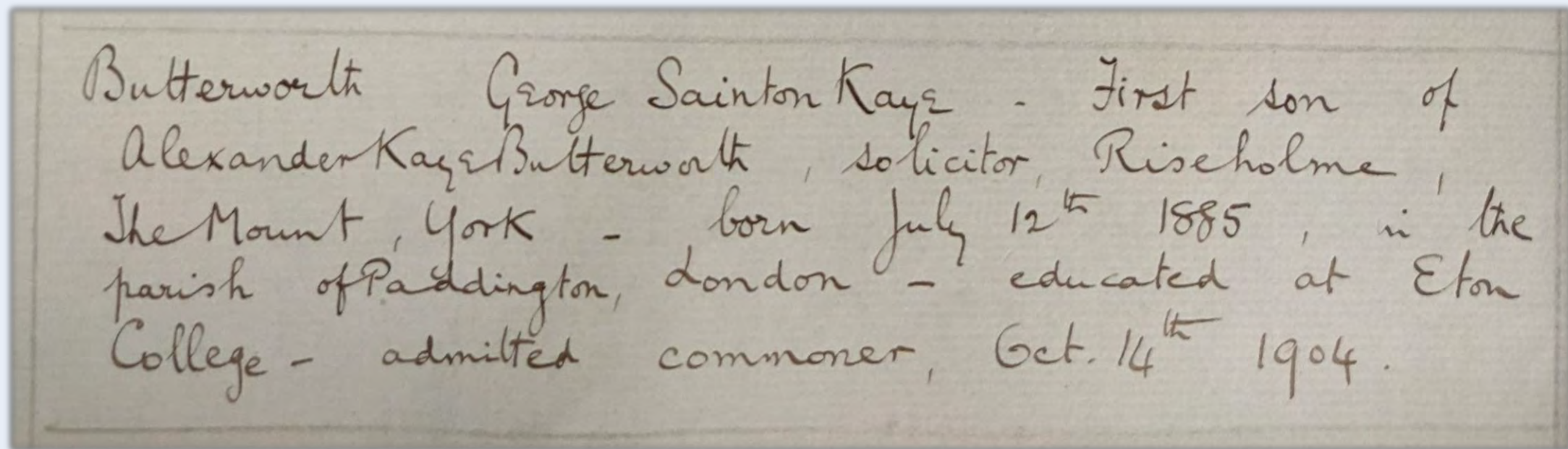
Although conscientious in his studies, George had no particular interest in academic work. He narrowly failed to gain a scholarship and entered Trinity as the senior commoner of his year.



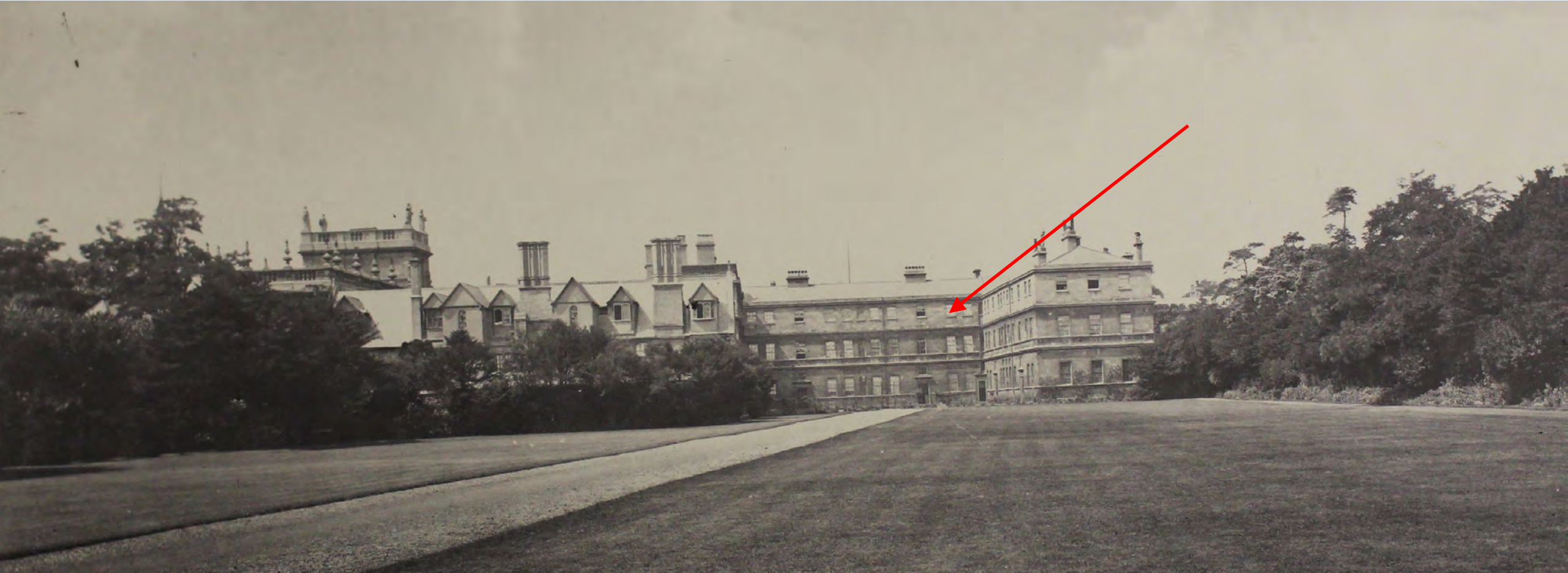
## In his own hand

Since the 1660s, it has been the tradition in Trinity for each new member to write their own entry in the Admissions Register. On 14 October 1904, George inscribed the required biographical details of his name and address, father, birth and education.

George was an only child. His father Alexander Kaye Butterworth was a solicitor and railway manager who could trace his lineage back to Anglo-Saxon times. Women were never mentioned in the records of an all-male college, but George's mother Julia was a gifted soprano, while Alexander had wide ranging interests in music and the arts. Sadly, Julia was to predecease her son, dying in 1911 at the age of 52.



Butterworth George Sainton Kaye - First son of  
Alexander Kaye Butterworth, solicitor, Riseholme,  
The Mount, York - born July 12<sup>th</sup> 1885, in the  
parish of Paddington, London - educated at Eton  
College - admitted commoner, Oct. 14<sup>th</sup> 1904.



## Rooms

George was assigned to rooms at the top of staircase 13 in the Garden Quadrangle, from where he had one of the finest views in Oxford, looking down the garden towards Wadham College. He lived here for two years, although, as he pointed out to his mother in an abortive attempt to be allowed to move into lodgings after only three terms, it was not possible to get a piano up the stairs.

This photograph copied from the album of Clive Dean (1905) shows the Garden Quadrangle from the lawn.

# College Photograph 1906



Every summer, members of Trinity assembled in Garden Quad for a group photograph. George's direct gaze to the camera is very characteristic. Moustaches were not commonly worn by Edwardian undergraduates, but George had first sported his while still at Eton.

**George Butterworth**



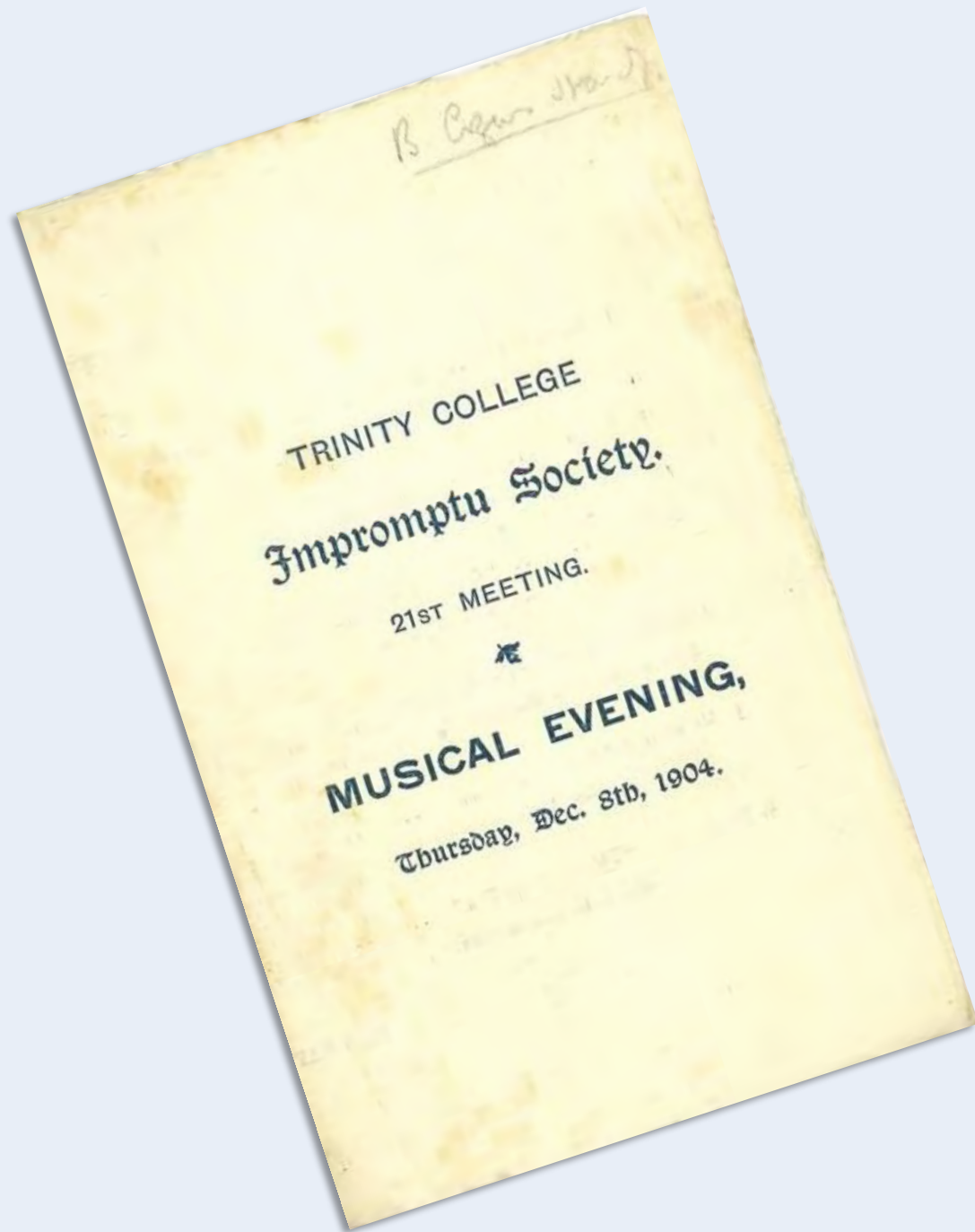
**Noel Chavasse (1904);  
winner of VC and Bar;  
killed in action, 1917**

**Henry Pelham (President  
of Trinity 1897–1907); a  
distinguished Roman  
Historian**

**Reginald Tiddy**

**Harold Prichard (fellow  
1898-1924): George's  
philosophy tutor**





## An Outstanding Performance

Although a small college, Trinity had many sporting and cultural clubs and societies. George was immediately recruited by a group of musicians who styled themselves the Impromptu Society, and he obligingly played the opening number in their concert at the end of his first term in December 1904.

*Shown with thanks to the family of Basil Cozens-Hardy (1903)*

## PROGRAMME.

1. PIANO SOLO .. Nocturne .. .. *Chopin.*  
MR. G. S. K. BUTTERWORTH.
2. BANJO .. .. ..  
MR. W. L. SANDOVER.
3. SONG .. .. "Oompah" .. ..  
MR. R. M. HUNTER.
4. SELECTIONS from "The Orchid" .. ..  
Soloist—MR. R. G. MACSWINNEY. Chorus—OMNES.
5. MUSICAL SKETCH .. .. ..  
MR. A. CALDECOTT.
6. SONG .. .. "The old Grey Fox" .. ..  
MR. R. G. MACSWINNEY.
7. SONG .. .. "Out on the Deep" .. .. *G. Löhr.*  
MR. T. H. BISCHOFF.
8. DIALOGUE, "No. 1, Round the Corner" .. ..  
MR. C. STRANGE, MR. C. H. M. FASSON.
2. SONG .. .. "A little Irish Song" .. ..  
MR. H. A. PRICHARD.
10. MUSICAL SKETCH .. .. ..  
MR. A. CALDECOTT.
11. INIMITABLE BILL in his "Imitations" .. ..  
MR. W. B. DRAKE.
12. SELECTIONS from "The Country Girl" .. ..  
Soloist—MR. H. A. PRICHARD. Chorus—OMNES.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

George's Chopin Nocturne stands out in an otherwise entirely light-hearted programme which included a solo on the banjo and a series of comic or sentimental music hall numbers.

Relationships between fellows and undergraduates were very close at this date. Note the two contributions by George's philosophy tutor Harold Prichard.

new members elected for next term.

Mr. Lorrimer.

.. Butterworth.

.. Counterbatch.

.. Snowden.

} all proposed &  
seconded.

Play for next time - Last Wed. of term.

Lady Windermere's fan. prop Mr. Gorr.

see Mr. Field.

Rivals. Mr. MacSwiney.

.. Daniel.

motion that if we could not borrow copies of

Lady Windermere's fan. we should read

the rivals. (Mr. Ball has copies).

Mr. Ball proposed that society should go en

masse to Gilbert's Fairy's dilemma.

Opposed & lost. owing to stated

facts & fact that Gilbert & Sullivan plays

are coming down next term.

Mr. G. Field

H. G. MacSwiney  
President

## They'd none of them be missed!

Another college society, The Savoyards, were equally keen to enlist the support of a talented singer for their weekly evenings of Gilbert and Sullivan operettas and popular plays. The Society's minute book records George's election, also during his first term. Turning the pages, however, reveals that he never turned up, even once, to a meeting.

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### MUSIC OF THE WEEK.

LAST Wednesday, the date of the third Public Classical Concert, was a red-letter day in Oxford music; the programme included two works that may fitly be taken as twin climaxes, in different ways, of modern English art—Sir Hubert Parry's *Blest Pair of Sirens* and Sir Edward Elgar's orchestral Variations, conducted by their respective composers—and also Beethoven's Choral Symphony, directed with notable insight by Dr. H. P. Allen. The Choral and Philharmonic Society and the Bach Choir sang in really excellent style throughout; the tone was well kept even in Beethoven's cruelly high passages, and the only thing that might be said on the other side is that there was not much of the required pianissimo at "Über Sternen muss er wohnen." The soloists in the symphony—Miss Fillunger, Miss Norah Dawnay, Messrs. Webster Millar and Harford—though their ensemble in the great *cadenza* was a trifle ragged, sang individually finely, especially the first-named; but the London Symphony Orchestra was after all the chief performer. For beauty of tone in wellnigh every department, and for polish and refine-

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## Much more to his taste

The undergraduate-edited *Oxford Magazine* illustrates the more serious musical fare that was available in Oxford. In George's second term, Edward Elgar was awarded an Honorary Doctorate of the University, and during his stay in the city he joined the Professor of Music Sir Hubert Parry in a concert at the Town Hall. Elgar conducted the London Symphony Orchestra in his *Variations*, and Parry his choral work *Blessed Pair of Sirens*.

After the concert, Elgar attended a meeting of the Oxford University Musical Club, whose activities were much more to George's taste. He was elected President of the Club in his second year at Oxford.



## Dinner in Hall

Despite his diverging interests, George participated willingly enough in the rituals of collegiate life. In February 1906 he joined the whole college community in a Bump Supper Dinner to celebrate the College Eight's success in the Torpids boat races.

Indoor and late-night photography was difficult and expensive, and treasured prints of this photograph survive in a number of albums in the Archive. Although partly obscured by one of the waiting staff, George can be seen sitting just below High Table.

Commons Ex W<sup>ny</sup> octyos-

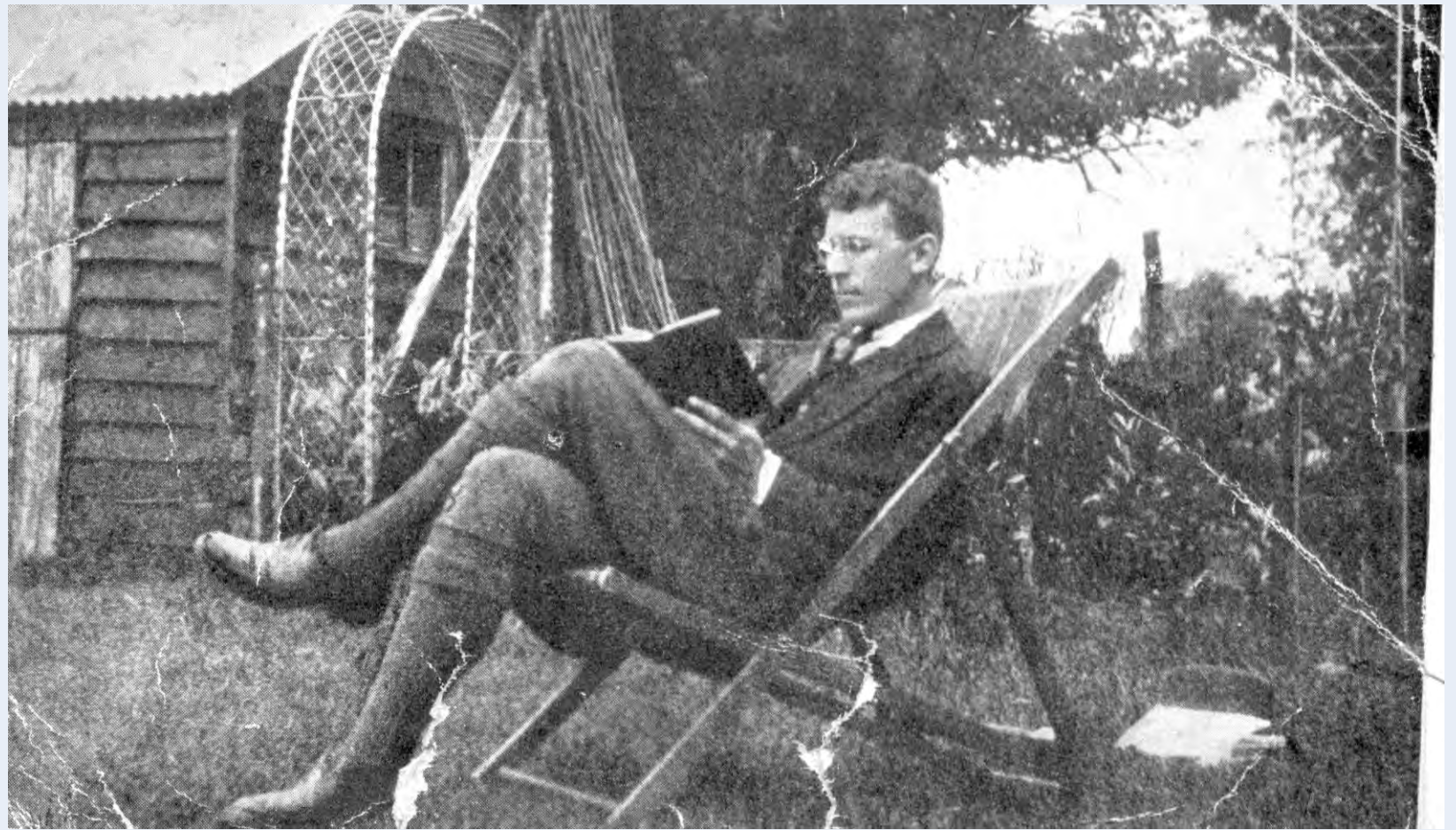
Am. Stud.	H.S.V.	C.	D.	Plato.	Logic.
<u>Wetherstone</u>	y+	y+	αβ	β+	β <sup>+</sup> + £10
Lumberbatch	y+	β-	αβ	y+	∧ δ
Th. White	β	β	y-	y+	ε
Humb	y-	β+	y+	βy	β-
Royall	y+	y	y+	yδ	y
Chapman	β+	β+	β+	αβ	β = £15
<u>Litt. Hours</u>	Non H-st.	Non H, Top C.	Phil. Books	Phil. Q <sup>ns</sup>	Logic.
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## Results

Despite his lack of enthusiasm for classical literature, philosophy or history, George was sufficiently assiduous to take Second Class Honours in his part one examinations.

His finest academic achievement was in October 1905, when he was awarded a prize of £10 for his performance in the internal 'Collections' exam, traditionally held in the College Hall. George best paper was on Cicero, for which he was given αβ [alpha/beta or AB].

In the days before grade inflation, George's Third in finals in 1908 was a perfectly respectable degree.



## Reginald Tiddy

George Butterworth first met Reginald Tiddy when he was elected as a classical tutor of Trinity College in 1905. It is likely that he was one of George's tutors. It was not until 1910 that Tiddy took up a formal position as a lecturer in the University's new-fangled Honours School of English. The main focus of his academic research was the Mummings' Play, which was to be the title of a posthumous publication of his work. An enthusiast collector of local traditions and a passionate Morris dancer, Tiddy divided his time between his college rooms and a cottage in the Cotswolds village of Ascott-under-Wychwood, where this photograph shows him relaxing in the garden.

## ‘It took some courage...’

In the preface to *The Mummers' Play* (1923), Reginald Tiddy's close friend David Pye recalled the early days of the English Folk Dance Society, of which he, like George Butterworth, was a founding member. Regrettably, no photographs were taken of 'one of our first public appearances' as the Morris demonstration team performed at a Trinity College garden party where 'it took some courage to appear.' Tiddy's attitude – 'never conscious of the sneer of the unbeliever' – was one very much shared by George Butterworth.

Despite being very short-sighted and prone to asthma, Reginald Tiddy was determined to play his part in the First World War. As he wrote to a friend in September 1914, 'It seems to me that officers will stand a very poor chance of surviving this war, but I cannot really see how I can keep out of it, having had quite a fair amount of happy life, when these poor kids are being shot like this.'

The following February he secured a commission in the 4th Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry, and in May 1916 he departed for France.

Dancing - dancing these glorious dances to the music of the pipe and tabor or their modern equivalent. It was at a garden party in the grounds of his own College that one of our first public appearances took place. In those early days it took some courage to appear in the light of day before an Oxford gathering, and, speaking for myself, I was glad to feel a comparative stranger, under the raised eyebrows of a surprised, if tolerant, company. To Tiddy, I think, any self-consciousness was quite unknown: such demonstrations, of course, were not the setting in which to enjoy the dances properly—that one did in their native villages—but, while regarding the demonstrations as propaganda, he so enjoyed the actual performance of the dances, and was so convinced of their essential dignity, that he was never conscious of the sneers of the unbeliever. His wit, too, always good humoured, was ever ready to disarm the critic: he brought to the dancing, as to all he did, a lightness of touch and a delicacy of playful humour which was quite unassailable. I well remember the early misgivings when we were invited to help the O.U.D.S. as the Morris Men in Dekker's *Shoemaker's Holiday*, which they were then rehearsing. Tiddy jumped at the invitation. It would be a fine opportunity for gaining new recruits. And so the last enormity was perpetrated and the senior proctor of the day appeared as a dancer on the boards of the Oxford theatre. The affair proved indeed a triumphant success, and our 'side' was doubly encored at each performance of that boisterous week.

Because it reflects so well the lightness of his humour and



Killed in action in the Battle of the Somme on July 14, 1916.  
1904 **Butterworth, G. S. K.**, M.A. (Aug. 1914). ‡Lt. Durham L.I. France.  
M.C. July, 1916. Killed in action on Aug. 4, 1916.  
1902 **Burton, R. V.**, M.A. (Mobilized Aug. 1, 1914). Capt. W. Kent Yeomanry

## War Service

George Butterworth may have been an atypical undergraduate, but like virtually every man of his generation, he saw army service as his patriotic duty.

The *Oxford University Roll of Service* (1920) published a succinct summary of his military career. George enlisted in August 1914, and was commissioned as a Lieutenant in the Durham Light Infantry. The symbol ‡ indicates previous service in the ranks: unwilling to wait or accept his father's offer to pull strings to secure a commission, George had first volunteered as a private in the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry. The *Roll* notes that he served in France and was awarded the Military Cross, which was then the second highest decoration, granted in recognition of 'acts of exemplary gallantry during active operations against the enemy on land.'

Leading a platoon on the front line in the Battle of the Somme, George was in fact recommended three times for the MC, and was awarded it twice, the second occasion for his part in the action in which he fell. The *Roll* used bold type for the names of men who fell. George was shot in the early hours of the morning of 5 August 1916, and he was buried by his men on the same day, somewhere near the front line.

No grave marker survived in the pulverized mud of the Somme battlefield, and George Butterworth is one of 72,000 soldiers whose names are inscribed on the Thiepval Memorial.

## In deepest sympathy

Each morning in his Lodgings at Trinity College, Herbert Blakiston (President of Trinity 1907–38) braced himself to look at the casualty lists in *The Times*. Blakiston had been a tutorial fellow since 1885, and Senior Tutor for many years before his election to the presidency, and every fallen member of Trinity was known to him personally.

He saw George's name and wrote immediately to his father. The next slide shows Sir Alexander's heartfelt reply, expressing his pride in a son who had volunteered so willingly and had been decorated for his gallantry, even though 'his tastes & interests were so very far removed from war & battle'.

### FALLEN OFFICERS.

#### "THE TIMES" LIST OF CASUALTIES.

##### BIOGRAPHIES AND SERVICES.

We have received news of the death of the following officers, in addition to those whose names have been published in the official list:—

BUTTERWORTH, Lieut. G. S. K., Durham Light Infantry.  
COLLINGWOOD, Capt. C., South Lancashire Regiment.  
DE RITTER, Sec. Lieut. V. F., Somerset Light Infantry.  
FEARNLEY-WHITTINGSTALL, Lieut. G. H., Northumberland Fus.  
LATA, Sec. Lieut. A. J. J., Royal Field Artillery.  
LOYD, Lieut. A. S., Royal Field Artillery.  
PAUL, Sec. Lieut. J. W. E., King's Royal Rifle Corps.  
SANDERSON, Sec. Lieut. F. B., Royal Field Artillery.  
STRICKLAND, Sec. Lieut. J. E. T., South Lancashire Regiment.

*The Times* would be obliged if relatives of officers who fall in the service of the country would forward, with the intimation of death, but on a separate sheet of paper, any biographical details in their possession.

LIEUTENANT GEORGE S. K. BUTTERWORTH, Durham L.I., was 30 years old and the only son of Sir A. Kaye Butterworth, general manager of the North-Eastern Railway. He was educated at Eton and Trinity College, Oxford, and from a very early age evinced great musical talent. One of his compositions was played at an Eton school concert while he was still a boy there. Among his musical publications are two cycles of songs from Housman's "Shropshire Lad," and an orchestral rhapsody, played at the last Leeds Festival, also at Queen's Hall in the spring of 1914. He also devoted much time to the collection and arrangement of folk songs and folk dances in collaboration with Mr. Cecil Sharpe, and he took an active part in the formation and in the work of the Folk Dance Society. He contributed musical criticism to *The Times* intermittently for several years, and whatever he wrote showed shrewd judgment, sound knowledge, and independence of view. He was, in fact, a musician of great promise as well as a man of sterling character, who, if he had not given his life in a greater cause, would undoubtedly have done much to further a national ideal of musical art in this country. Lieutenant Butterworth joined the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry as a private immediately war was declared and was soon offered a commission in the Durham Light Infantry. He was abroad on active service with his battalion for a year and was slightly wounded, as recorded in the casualty list of August 7; a week later he was killed after successfully taking an enemy trench at the head of a bombing party on August 4.

CAPTAIN CARLTON COLLINGWOOD, of the South Lan.

TELEPHONE,  
2734 HAMPSTEAD.

15. VIII. 16

17, NEVILLE COURT,  
ABBEE ROAD,  
N.W.

My dear Sir

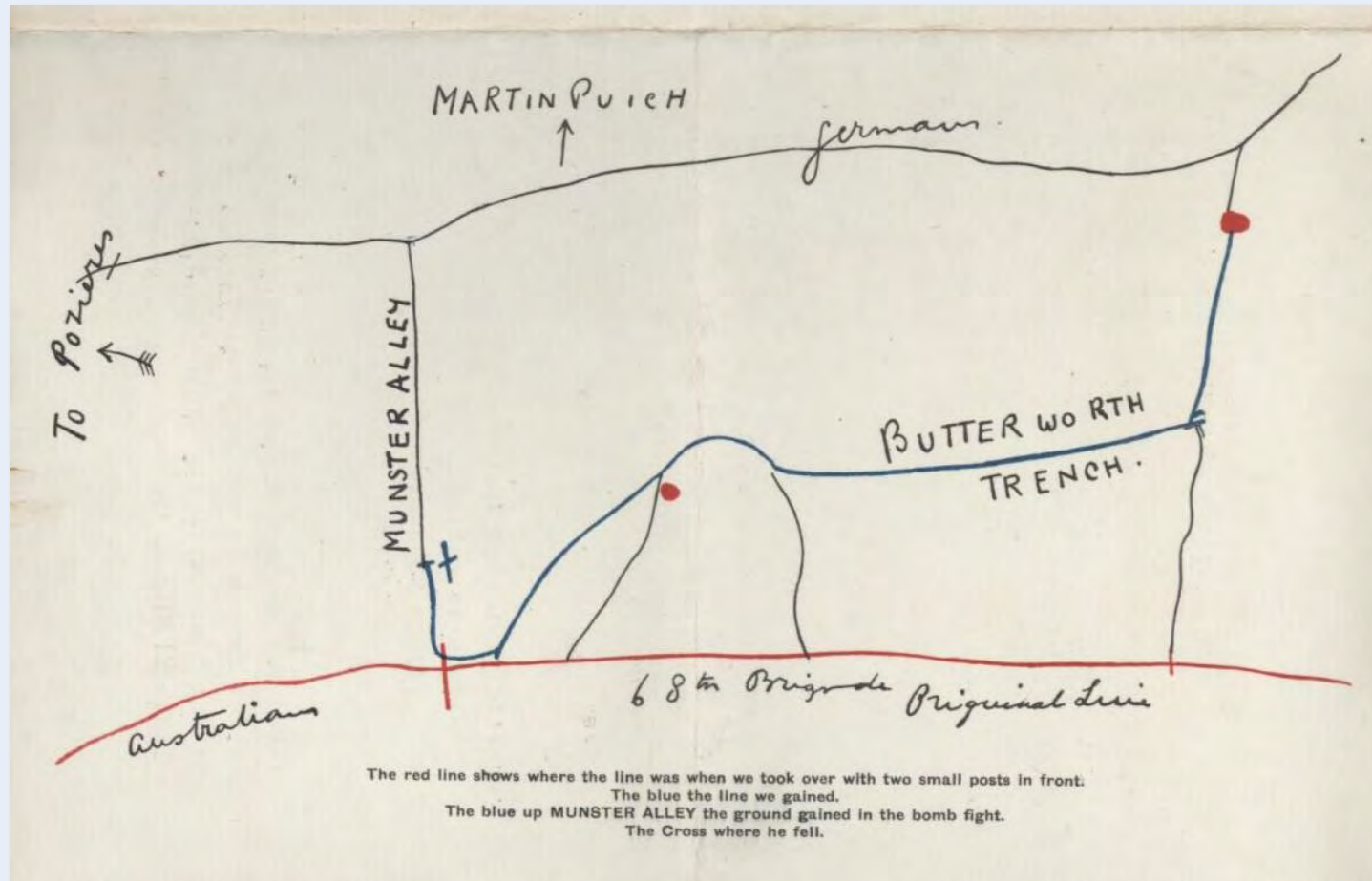
I am very grateful to you for your most kind letter - I feel all you say about my dear son, but it is very comforting to know that his contemporaries & those who, like yourself, helped to mould his character & train his mind, confirm the parent's view. I feel too what you say of the shocking loss to England in the premature deaths of so many of its best, & yet we know that they would not have been content to stand aside from the fray. I was particularly pleased & proud at the way George enlisted in the very first month, & would not let me try to get him a commission. When he found that he

could not get one at Oxford on his merits -

You will, I am sure, be pleased to hear of his Military Cross, & make no apology for sending you the enclosed copy of the Adjutant's letters. (Please don't trouble to acknowledge). They have cheered me greatly, particularly so because my son's tastes & interests were so very far removed from war & battle.

Believe me,

Yours sincerely,  
A. Kay Butterworth.



## Where he fell

Sir Alexander wrote to the President again, to send a reproduction of a map that he had received from George's commanding officer. The 'Butterworth Trench' had been dug under George's expert direction under cover of a heavy fog. A blue cross marks the place where George was shot, as he led an attack at the head of a bombing party.

## 'So fine a soldier'

Sir Alexander had also had copies made of Brigadier-General Croft's poignant letter, describing George's 'power of leadership' in the first 'strenuous 35 days' of the Somme offensive; and his demeanor 'cheery and inspiring his tired men' on the night of his death.

Letter from Brigadier-General H. P. CROFT, C.M.G., M.P.,  
commanding 68th Inf. Brigade, to Sir A. KAYE BUTTERWORTH.

August 18th, 1916.

Dear Sir Alexander,

I feel I must write you a note to tell you how deeply I grieve with you and yours for the loss of your gallant son. He was one of those quiet, unassuming men whose path did not appear naturally to be a military one, and I had watched him doing his duty quietly and conscientiously. When the offensive came he seemed to throw off his reserve, and in those strenuous 35 days in which we were fighting off and on, he developed a power of leadership which we had not realised that he possessed. As you know, I recommended him for an earlier action near Contalmaison for the Military Cross, which, alas! he could not wear. When in front of Pozières he was reported to me to have done excellent work under very heavy fire in getting his men to dig a new trench right in front of the Germans, from which later the Australians were able to successfully attack that village. Later we went into a line on the right of the Australians, S.E. of Pozières.

Here we were about 450 yards from the Germans, and I gave orders to dig a trench within 200 yards of them so that we could attack with some chance of success.

This trench was dug in a fog, and was a very fine deep trench which saved many lives in the days to follow, and your son again superintended the work, and it was called Butterworth trench on all the official maps.

Three days afterwards the 18th D.L.I. attacked Munster Alley just N.W. of Butterworth trench. They won 100 yards after a very hot fight, and I went up there at 4 a.m. in the morning to find the bomb fight still progressing, but the 18th holding their own. Your son was in charge, and the trench was very much blown in and shallow, and I begged him to keep his head down. He was cheery and inspiring his tired men to secure the position which had been won earlier in the night, and I felt that all was well with him there. The Germans had been bombing our wounded, and the men all round him were shooting Germans who showed themselves. Within about a minute of my leaving him he was shot, as I heard by telephone on my return. I could ill afford

to lose so fine a soldier, and my deepest sympathy goes out to his relations, for I know that the loss of one so modest and yet so brave must create a gap which can never be filled.

Yours sincerely,

HENRY PAGE CROFT,

Brigadier-General,

Commanding 68th Inf. Brigade.

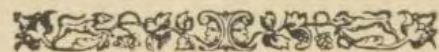
Plan attached.

Mementote, fratres, in  
CHRISTO, huiusce  
Collegii alumnorum



Qui pro Patria dimi-  
cantes pulchre  
occubuerunt

Annis Salutis nostrae MCMXIV MCMXV



*Nomina & Collegio Sanctae et Individuae Trinitatis*

<i>Edward Molyneux Cohan, BA.</i>	<i>1907</i>	<i>First West Lancashire Brigade, R.F.A.</i>
<i>James David Gilkison</i>	<i>1903</i>	<i>Lieut. Second Argyll &amp; Sutherland Highlanders</i>
<i>Frederick Edwin Buller</i>	<i>1910</i>	<i>Lieut. East African Mounted Rifles.</i>
<i>Stanley Bryan Knapp-Fisher</i>	<i>1913</i>	<i>Sec. Lieut. 3rd North Staffordshire Regt.</i>
<i>Villiers Chernock Downes</i>	<i>1909</i>	<i>Lieut. 3rd Bedfordshire Regt.</i>
<i>Daniel George Harold Auchincloss</i>	<i>1896</i>	<i>Capt. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers</i>
<i>John Laurence Pumphrey</i>	<i>1910</i>	<i>Northumberland Grenadier</i>

## Roll of Honour

Early in 1915, a printed scroll was produced by the University Press for the use of colleges. President Blakiston placed it on the altar table in Chapel, and began to inscribe the names of Trinity's fallen.

The first on the list, Edward Cohan (1907), had been killed in an accident during mobilization on 5 August 1914.

James Gilkison (1903) was a serving army officer who fell in one of the first battles of the war, at Le Cateau, on 26 August 1914.

Frederick Buller (1910) was killed in a largely forgotten theatre of the War, German East Africa, on 25 September 1914.

The youngest on the roll is Stanley Knapp-Fisher (1913). On 6 October 1914 he succumbed to blood poisoning aged 19 and 6 months, just 3 days after receiving a commission.

J. Laurence Pumphrey (1910) was the only Trinity man who fell fighting as a private soldier, killed in France on 25 October 1914. He had not sought a commission on account of his severe stammer.

Gerard Rupert Laurie Anderson BA	1908	Lieut. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Westlins Regiment.
Archer Cheswold Downes	1911	Sec. Lieut. 1 <sup>st</sup> Westlins Regiment
Harcourt John Snowden MA	1906	Lieut. 1 <sup>st</sup> Hertfordshire Regt
Frederic Harding Turner, BA.	1907	Lieut. 10 <sup>th</sup> Liverpool (Scottish) Regt
Thomas Allen, BA.	1907	Sec. Lieut. Irish Guards.
Duncan McKay Macdonald O'Callaghan	1909	Sec. Lieut. Duke of Cornwall's L.I.
James Hemingway	1913	Sec Lieut. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Seaforth Highlanders.
Thomas McClelland, BA.	1911	Sec. Lieut. 7 <sup>th</sup> Kings (Liverpool) Regt
Arthur Henry Plummer	1910	Sec Lieut. 5 <sup>th</sup> Kings (Liverpool) Regt
Geoffrey Barron Taylor	1913	Lieut. 48 <sup>th</sup> (Canadian) Highlanders
David McLara Bain	1910	Captain 2 <sup>nd</sup> Gordon Highlanders.
Hubert Joseph Ingham Whitaker	1910	Sub-Lieutenant Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve
Bernhard Rissik	1912	Sec. Lieut 9 <sup>th</sup> Rifle Brigade
Charles Frederick Pastoris	1911	Lieut. 10 <sup>th</sup> Leicestershire att <sup>d</sup> Lewis Killings.
John Harley, M.A.	1899	Lieut. 13 <sup>th</sup> Worcestershire Regt, att <sup>d</sup> Scottish Borders
Cecil Alexander Hadlam Keenleyside	1900	Captain 1 <sup>st</sup> Cambridgeshire Regt
James Gilbert Hamilton Grierson MA	1905	2 <sup>nd</sup> Lieut. 5 <sup>th</sup> Royal Scots Fusiliers
Oliver Field, BA	1891	2 <sup>nd</sup> Lt. 9 <sup>th</sup> Durham Light Infantry
Thomas Samuel Gunt,	1913	2 <sup>nd</sup> Lt. 7 <sup>th</sup> R. Rifle Brigade
John Cecil Morgan, M.A.	1894	Captain 6 <sup>th</sup> Yorks & Lancs Regt
Laurance Alfred Milne	1913	Lieut. 7 <sup>th</sup> North Staffordshire Regt
Francis Rudolf Dawson, BA	1910	Lieut. 4 <sup>th</sup> Cheshire Regt
Charles Campbell Anderson-Hamilton BA	1901	Captain 12 <sup>th</sup> Scottish Rifles att <sup>d</sup> 1 <sup>st</sup> R.O.S.B.
Richard Peter Pitha MA	1911	Lieut. 6 <sup>th</sup> Border Regiment

**Gerard Anderson** (1908) held the world record for the 400 yards hurdles. He was killed near Hooze on 9 November 1914, leading a charge with his sword in his hand.

**Archer Downes** (1911) and his elder brother **Villiers** (1909) were one of 5 pairs of Trinity brothers killed in the War. Archer died of wounds received in battle on 20 November 1914. Villiers had died of wounds a month before, on 18 October.

On 24 April 1915, **Geoffrey Taylor** (1913) was the first member of Trinity to be killed by gas. He was serving with the Canadian Highlanders in the front line at Langemarke, where chlorine was used for the first time on the Western Front. In 48 hours, the Canadian Infantry suffered 6,000 casualties, one third of them dead.

**Hubert Whitaker** (1910) the first to fall in the Gallipoli Campaign, on 3 May 1915. Thirteen members of Trinity are among the soldiers with no known grave listed on the Helles War Memorial. They include **John Harley** (1899), **James Hamilton-Grierson** (1905), **Francis Danson** (1910) and **Charles Henderson-Hamilton** (1901).

In August 1915, President Blakiston glued an extension sheet to the bottom of the scroll.

Richard Parker <u>Gibbaults</u> , B.A.	1911	Lieut. 6 <sup>th</sup> Border Regiment.
Henry Gwyn-Jeffrey <u>Mosley</u> M.A.	1906	Sec. Lieut. Royal Engineers; Equal Officer. 11 <sup>th</sup> Brigade
Fitzroy Charles <u>Phillpotts</u> (scholar)	1913	Lieut. 7 <sup>th</sup> Gloucestershire Regt.
Edward Archibald <u>Hume</u> B.A.	1897	Captain 7 <sup>th</sup> South Staffordshire Regt.
John Edward Keayn <u>Hall</u> B.A.	1897	Lieut. 3 <sup>rd</sup> (att <sup>d</sup> 2 <sup>d</sup> ) South Wales Border Regt.
John Ralph <u>Purvis</u>	1912	Lieut. The Rifle Brigade
Lestie Finlay <u>Dun</u>	1912	Captain 10 <sup>th</sup> King's Liverpool (Scottish) Regt.
Harold Evelyn <u>Sturminster</u> B.A.	1900	Sec. Lieut. 9 <sup>th</sup> Royal Sussex Regt.
Herbert Johnston Graeme <u>Robinson</u> , B.A.	1906	Lieut. 3 <sup>rd</sup> (att <sup>d</sup> 1 <sup>st</sup> ) Black Watch.
Kenneth FitzPatrick <u>Mackenzie</u>	1910	Lieut. 5 <sup>th</sup> Cameron Highlanders.
Harold Stielstan <u>Edwards</u> (scholar) (1914)		Lieut. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Warwickshire Regiment.
John Southcote <u>Goslett</u>	(1914)	Sec. Lieut. Norfolk Yeomanry.
Richard Ayles <u>Ritchie</u>	1910	Lieut. 2 <sup>nd</sup> B <sup>n</sup> Norfolk Regiment.
Richard Neville <u>Strutt</u>	1904	Sec. Lieut. 12 <sup>th</sup> (att <sup>d</sup> 2 <sup>d</sup> ) Royal Scots.
Liquid Harold <u>Macculloch</u>	1913	Lieut. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Seaforth Highlanders.
Lestie <u>Hackup</u> , B.A.	1907	Lieut. 102 <sup>nd</sup> R. Edward's own frontiers.
Aubrey Halliwell <u>Baker</u> B.A.	1908	Capt. 4 <sup>th</sup> Somerset Light Infantry.
Frederick Charles <u>Stoer</u> .	(1914)	Sec. Lieut. Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.
Charles James Carlton <u>Mowat</u> M.A.	1903	Capt. 8 <sup>th</sup> Scottish Rifle (The Cameronians)
Arthur Kendrick <u>Hickman</u>	1911	Lieut. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Welsh Fusiliers.
Alfred Nelson <u>King</u> (Rhodes Scholar)	1912	Lieut. Royal Field Artillery.
Charles Jefford <u>Fowler</u> M.A.	1906	Sec. Lieut. Royal Fusiliers.
Charles Francis <u>Simonds</u>	1897	Major Kings Royal Rifles.
Auco Francis Charles <u>Lord Elcho</u>	1903	Lieut. Gloucestershire Yeomanry.

The physicist **Henry Mosley** (1906) had laid aside his ground-breaking work on the atom to volunteer for the army. His death as a communications officer at Gallipoli on 10 August 1915 was described by Isaac Asimov as perhaps 'the most costly single death of the War to mankind generally'.

On 25 September 1915, **John Purvis** (1912) was Trinity's first loss at Loos, the first of many set piece battles intended to break the stalemate on the Western Front.

Names were added to the scroll as the casualties were listed in *The Times*, often many months after they had died.

The deaths of **Aubrey Baker** (1908) in Mesopotamia (Iraq) and **Frederick Stoer** (1914) in France were reported immediately. But **Charles Mowat** (1903) had disappeared in the chaos of Gully Ravine in Gallipoli on 28 June 1915, and for 8 months his family held out hope he had been taken prisoner.

**Alfred King** (British Columbia 1912) was the first of 4 Trinity Rhodes Scholars killed in the war.



	Ailan Oswald <u>Wiles</u> BA	1908	Lieut. Gloucestershire Regiment
	Bernard Sydney <u>Harvey</u> MA	1907	Capt. London Rifle Brigade
	Bertram St George <u>French</u>	1912	Capt. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers
	Christopher Herbert <u>Counsell</u> BA	1908	Sec Lieut. Hampshire Regt
	David Robert Colin <u>Boyd</u>	1911	Sec Lieut. Devonshire Regt
60	Brian <u>Hatton</u>	1905	Sec. Lieut. Worcester's shire Yeomanry
	Henry John <u>Batter</u>	1906	Captain Black Watch
	Richard <u>Moore</u>	(1915)	Sec. Lieut. West Yorks shire Regt.
	Harold <u>Church</u> BA	1902	Capt. Oxford & Bucks L.I.
	George Tarik <u>Wakeford</u> (Scholar)	1914	Sec. Lieut. Royal Berkshire Regt
	Norman <u>Vickers</u> , MA	1899	Lieut. Yorks shire Regt
	George Sinton Kaye <u>Butterworth</u> MA	1904	Lieut. Durham L.I. M.C.
	Thomas Geoffrey <u>Brocklebank</u> MA	1901	Capt. Howitzer Brigade R.F.A. (T.F.)
	Reginald John Elliott <u>Tiddy</u> MA (Fellow)	1905	Lieut. Oxford & Bucks L.I.
	Frederic H. Thorpe <u>Mappin</u> BA	1905	In training for Canadian Air Service
70	Lennox Robert Murray <u>Napier</u> BA	1909	Captain Cameron Highlanders.
	Guy Wollaston <u>Bartholomew</u> MA	1899	Captain King's Royal Rifle Corps.
	Thomas Russell <u>Crawley-Borvay</u> MA	1899	Captain Gloucestershire Regiment
	Herbert Guy Hely <u>Copeman</u> BA	1910	Sec. Lieut. Oxford & Bucks L.I.
	Ronald Fawcett <u>Carriv</u> <u>Tompson</u>	1902	Sec. Lieut. Grenadier's Guard
	Edward <u>Holland</u> M.C.	1895	Sec. Lieut. Scot. Guards
	John Robert <u>Trinder</u> BA M.C.	1909	Major London Regiment.
	Laurence Guy <u>Holt</u> M.C. (Scholar)	1913	Captain Royal North Lancashire Regt
	Walter <u>...</u>	1900	Sec. Lieut. ...

Thirteen members of Trinity fell in the Battle of the Somme between 1 July and 18 November 1916.

**Bernard Harvey** (1907) and **Bertram French** (1912) were among the 20,000 British and colonial soldiers killed on the first day.

The artist **Brian Hatton** (1905) however had died in another forgotten theatre of the war, defending the Suez Canal at Katia on Easter Sunday, 23 April 1916.

**George Butterworth** is numbered 66<sup>th</sup> on the scroll. President Blakiston noted his MA, as a member of the University; and the MC, awarded just days before his death.

	John Atholl Macgregor MA	1899	Sec. Lieut. Coldstream Guard
	Richard Henry Vaughan-Thompson MA	1902	Captain Royal Fusiliers
80	Louis Forde Campbell-Murdoch	1893	Sec. Lieut. Scots Guards
	Herbert William Hayward	1914	Sec. Lieut. Northampton Regt
	Philip Giesler Norbury	(1914)	Lieut The Buffs (E. Kent Regt)
	Vincent Gerald Narey, B.A.	1911	Sec. Lieut. West Riding Regt
	George Gordon Chenshal BA	1904	Lieut. Argyll & Sutherland Highlanders [Missing 1915]
	Ernest Alan Fulton MA	1900	Sec. Lieut. Middlesex Regt
	Lyne Bolton Masey Deluge BA. M.C.	1908	Capt. East Lancashire Regt
	Edward Wilfrid Stridge	1904	Sec. Lieut. East Yorkshire Regt
	Henry Goull Barnes, Lord Goull MA	1900	Major, R.F.A. D.S.O.
	George Henry Alington, BA.	1905	Sec. Lieut. Indian Army Reserve, att'd Indian Infantry
90	Archibald Douglas (Univ. Sch. elect) (1915)		Sec. Lieut. Royal Flying Corps. [Missing 1915]
	Rev. Charles Benjamin Plummer, M.A.	1909	Temporary Army Chaplain.
	Roslyn Llewellyn Hustler Jones, M.A.	1893	Sec. Lieut. Royal Welsh Fusiliers.
	Cecil Rodolph Blake, B.A.	1902	Captain King's Royal Rifles
	Henry Erskine Tyser.	1893	Sec. Lieut. The Black Watch
	John Murray Bell, M.A.	1905	Sec. Lieut. Highland Light Infantry
	Patrick Walworth Gray (Univ. Sch. elect) (1916)		Sec. Lieut. Royal Field Artillery
	Charles Campbell Boswell Gordon	1912	Sec. Lieut. Somerset Light Infantry
	Walter Johnson Forster, BA	1912	Captain East Lancashire Regiment.
	Douglas Sidney Flemming, M.A.	1902	Sec. Lieut. Royal Lancaster Regiment
100	Edward Hornby Shears, BA	1909	Lieut. Irish Guards.
	Arthur Plummer, BA		

The majority of the names on the second extension of the scroll were killed in the Battle of the Somme, and during a winter of ongoing attrition in the trenches of the Western Front.

**Archibald Douglas** (1915) had deferred taking up his scholarship at Trinity to volunteer for the Royal Artillery. Transferred to the Royal Flying Corps, he was the first Trinity member to be killed in the air service.

**Charles Plummer** (1909) served as an army Chaplain attached to the 61<sup>st</sup> Infantry Brigade. He was killed near the front line on 12 March 1917. His younger brother **Arthur** (1910) had also been killed in action in France, on 17 May 1915.

**Charles Gordon** (1912) was an only child who volunteered at the start of the war. He married in September 1916 just before sailing for France. He was killed in action on 28 April 1917, three months before his only son was born.

Arthur Clements <u>Heberden</u> , M.A., B.Mus.	1905	Sec. Lieut. King's Royal Rifle Corps.
Geoffrey <u>Peel</u> (Scholar)	1913	Captain, Bedfordshire Regiment
David James <u>Davies</u> (Scholar)	1915	Sec. Lieut. Machine Gun Corps
William Edward <u>Roper</u> , B.A.	1911	Captain, A. Lancaster Regiment
Neville Ernest <u>Baker</u>	1913	Sec. Lieut. Royal Engineers.
Harold <u>Vaughan</u> , B.A.	1896	Lieut. Royal Field Artillery
Noel Godfrey <u>Chavasse</u> , M.A., B.M., M.C., V.C. <sup>1 bar.</sup>	1904	Captain R.A.M.C. (Liverpool Regt.)
Maurice <u>Cane</u>	1902	Sec. Lieut. Royal Field Artillery.
Percy Beckwith <u>Wace</u> , M.A.	1902	Capt. R. Berkshire Regt. (killed 3 July 1916)
110 George Muir <u>Thomson</u> B.A.	1901	Captain Seaforth Highlanders.
Lawrence Arthur <u>Jocelyne</u> , M.C.	1915	Sec. Lieut. Somerset Light Infantry.
Alexander Egan <u>Barrow</u>	1907	Sec. Lieut. Bucks (R.W. Surrey) Regt.
Arthur George <u>Ripby</u> , M.C. (Sibery)	1912	Captain West Yorks Regt.
Percy Maschwitz <u>Mitchell</u> , B.A.	1907	Lieut. Herefordshire Regt.
Ronald Walter <u>Mitchell</u>	1895	Lieut. York and Lancaster Regt.
John Seymour Denison <u>Clarke</u> <sup>(Noble Scholar)</sup> (1915)	1915	Lieut. Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders
Allan <u>Gilmour</u> , B.A.	1908	Captain York and Lancaster Highlanders
Hubert <u>Podmore</u> , M.A. DSO	1906	Lt Col. Northampton Regt. att'd Middlesex Regt.
Allan Scott <u>Balfour</u>	1912	2nd Lt R.F.A. att'd R.F.C.
120 Edmund Launceston <u>Beale</u>	1909	Captain, Cambridgeshire Regiment.

On 13 July 1917 **David Davies** (scholar 1915) was the first Trinity man to be killed while in command of a tank.

Armoured vehicles were of little use in the mud of the Battle of Passchendaele which began on 31 July 1917.

**William Roper** (1911, **Neville Baker** (1913) and **Harold Vaughan** (1896) all fell on the first day of the battle.

**Noel Chavasse** (1904) was the only man to be awarded the Victoria Cross twice during the First World War. He died on 4 August 1917 of wounds received while treating injured men on the front line.

**Hubert Podmore** (1906) was killed in an accidental explosion of munitions on New Year's Eve 1917.

1918

Memoriam te, fratres, in Christo, hujusce Collegii Alumnorum, qui pro Patria diuicaciter  
proclerit occubuerunt.

Joseph Alexander <u>Phillips</u> , BA.	1905	Lieut. Liverpool Regiment (missing in 1917)
Williamby John <u>Littledale</u>	(1914)	Captain, Oxford & Bucks light infantry.
John Cyprian <u>Lott</u> , M.C.	1913	Sec. Lieut. East Lancashire Regiment.
Edward Trevor <u>Bolton</u> , BA.	1902	Lieut. Suffolk Regiment.
Harold Augustus <u>Hodges</u> , M.A.	1905	Capt. Wiltshire Regt., att <sup>d</sup> South Lancs. Regt.
<del>Hugh Martin <u>Wilkinson</u>, M.C.</del>	<del>1912</del>	<del>Captain, Devonshire Regiment. Prisoner</del>
John Hugh <u>Gunner</u>	1902	Captain Gloucestershire, att <sup>d</sup> Hampshire Regt.
Brian Charles <u>Harrison</u> , BA	1897	Captain, Border Regiment.
Guy Francis <u>Lawrence</u>	1912	Lieut. Grenadier Guards.
Van Dyke <u>Fernald</u>	1915	Lieut. Royal Air Force
Arthur Paul <u>Forster</u> , BA.	1899	Captain King's Royal Rifle Corps.
George Alan Campbell <u>Smith</u> , M.C. <small>Scholar elect</small>	(1915)	Captain Argyll & Sutherland Highlanders
Montague James <u>Stilwell</u>	1914	Sec. Lieut. Royal West Kent Regiment.
Rev. Cyril Bernard Wilson <u>Buck</u> , MA	1902	Chaplain att <sup>d</sup> Leicester & Lincoln Regiment
William Arthur <u>Sweet-Scott</u>	(1916)	Lieutenant R.F.A.
George William Edendale <u>Whitehead</u>	(1914)	Lieutenant R.F.A., att <sup>d</sup> R.A.F.
Eric Lindsay <u>Burny</u> , M.C.	1910	Captain R.E. <small>(prisoner)</small>
Tyrrel Evelyn <u>Holland</u> , M.C.	1909	Captain in Rifle Brigade (heart failure)

In January 1918 President Blakiston drew up a new scroll. The losses continued, men in the German 'Spring Offensive', and in the Allies' 'Hundred Days Offensive', launched 8 August 1918. Finally, the end of the War was in sight.

**Harold Hodges** (1905) who had volunteered in August 1914 was killed in the Somme region on 24 March 1918.

As the advance moved swiftly across the pulverized landscape, many men died from infected wounds, including **John Gunner** (1902) on 9 August 1918.

The army Chaplain **Cyril Buck** (1902) was killed in action on 29 September 1918. He was posthumously awarded the MC.

**George Whitehead** (1914) was shot down over France, serving in the newly formed RAF.

140	Cecil Rhodes Goodall Ross, MC	(1915)	Lt. Lieut. Royal Scots (I.R.)
	William Newlyn Gale	1913	Captain 24 <sup>th</sup> York & Lancaster Regt (missing in 1917)
	John Crosby Warren, MA, MC	1908	Major 17 <sup>th</sup> Sherwood Foresters (missing 21 March 1915)
	Bevil Brian Quiller-Couch, MC	1910	Major R.F.A. (pre-occupation)
	John Richard Milligan	1908	Lieut. I.A.R.O. alt 59 <sup>th</sup> Rifles (missing 8 March 1916)
	Charles Linnæus Cumming, MA, Ph.D.	1908	Lieut. R.F.A. R.A.F.
	Maxwell Alexander Robertson, BA	1894	Capt. 9 <sup>th</sup> Hussar Killing Facilities (missing in 1916)
	Wyatt Rushton	1916	in the U.S.A. Army, E.F.
	James Hugh Edmund Whitehead	1909	1 <sup>st</sup> Sec-Lieut. West Kent Regt (illness)
	George Hewitson Union Robertson, MA	1904	Lieut. Nigeria Regt (illness)
	George Leslie Calderon MA	1887	1 <sup>st</sup> 9 <sup>th</sup> Buffs and Bucks LI alt 40 <sup>th</sup> B: missing 1915
	Walter Bowford Davis, BA	1908	Lieut. Somerset L.I. (typhoid in India)
150	George Bruce Joy	1910	Lt. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Welsh Regt alt H.L.I. (missing 1915)
	Robert Allan Cameron	1910	Sergeant Cameron Highlanders
	Godwin Laurie Murray	(1917)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Lieut. R.F.C.
153	William Edward Thomas Baltho, MA, Missions	1881	Lt Colonel R. Devon Yeomanry (illness)
	<del>George Bruce Joy</del>	<del>1910</del>	<del>Lt. 3<sup>rd</sup> Welsh Regt alt 40<sup>th</sup> B</del>
	<del>George Leslie Calderon MA</del>	<del>1887</del>	<del>Lt. 9<sup>th</sup> Buffs and Bucks LI, alt 40<sup>th</sup> B. Scotland Buffs</del>
	<del>Robert Allan Cameron</del>	<del>1910</del>	<del>Sergeant Cameron Highlanders</del>
	<del>Maxwell Alexander Robertson BA</del>	<del>1894</del>	<del>Capt. 10<sup>th</sup> Hussar Killing Facilities</del>
	<del>William Newlyn Gale</del>	<del>1913</del>	<del>Capt. 24<sup>th</sup> York &amp; Lancaster Regt</del>
	<del>John Crosby Warren, MA, MC</del>	<del>1908</del>	<del>Major 17<sup>th</sup> Sherwood Foresters</del>
154	Henderson, Thomas, B.M.B.C.	1893	Medical Hospital Service
	Richard		Restoration of the following word

The final part of the Roll of Honour includes many men originally listed as missing, and also those who died service while in the army of occupation, many of them in the influenza pandemic of 1918-20.

**Bevil Quiller-Couch** (1910) had served with great distinction since being called up as a reserve officer on the first day of the war. When the Armistice was declared his family rejoiced, and he proposed to the girl whom he had loved in secret for the past 4 years. Before they could marry, he succumbed to influenza, on 6 February 1919.

**Wyatt Rushton** (1916) was the first ever Rhodes Scholar from the state of Alabama. Passed unfit for military service in the US Army, he volunteered with the Red Cross in France. Wyatt died of illness on the boat home on 1 February 1919.

Another lost to illness was **James Whitehead** (1909), elder brother of **George** (1914). Their father endowed Trinity's Whitehead Travel Scholarship in their memory.

**George Joy** (1910) was last seen wounded in No Man's Land on 21 May 1915; but only when the war ended did his father give up hope.

The playwright **George Calderon** (1887) had been missing since the Battle of Achi Baba on 4 June 1915. He was the oldest member of Trinity to fall in action.

# The War Memorial Library

In July 1919 President Blakiston convened a committee of Trinity alumni to decide how best to commemorate the fallen. They quickly decided on an ambitious project to create a permanent memorial of lasting benefit to the undergraduate members of college.

It was Blakiston himself who suggested a library. Opened on 11 November 1928, Trinity's War Memorial Library is arguably the finest war memorial in Oxford. Two photographs were published in *The Times*.



After almost a decade of fund-raising and numerous delays while the site was acquired, the Library the new facility was greatly appreciated by Trinity's junior members. The view from the main doors – today, the entrance from the mezzanine reading area – is instantly recognisable, and the original tables are still in use. The bookcases on the window side were raised and the gallery added in 1954.



A garden of English roses was created in what is today known as Library Quad; this photograph of 1938 is the earliest known colour image of any part of Trinity.





THIS LIBRARY WAS ERECTED AS A PERPETUAL MEMORIAL  
OF ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY FIVE MEMBERS OF TRINITY COLLEGE  
WHO GAVE THEIR LIVES IN THE GREAT WAR OF 1914-18  
FOR THE HONOUR AND SECURITY OF THEIR COUNTRY

1891 W. E. T. BOLLITHO, D.S.O.	1905 H. A. HODGES	1911 V. G. NAREY
1897 G. L. CALDERON	A. C. HERBERDEN	R. C. BOYD
1891 OLIVER FIELD	J. G. HAMILTON-GRIERSON	W. E. ROOPER
1893 L. E. CAMPBELL-NURDOCK	J. A. PHILLIPS	A. C. DOWNES
H. E. TYSER	F. T. MAPPING	R. P. GILBANKS
I. BONHOTE HENDERSON	G. H. ALINGTON	THOMAS McCLELLAND
F. L. H. JONES	BRIAN HATTON	C. T. SARTORIS
1894 M. A. ROBERTSON	1906 H. G. J. MOSELEY	A. K. HICKMAN
J. C. MORGAN	HUBERT PODMORE, D.S.O.	G. F. LAWRENCE
1895 EDWARD HOLLAND, M.C.	C. J. FOWLER	A. G. RIGBY, M.C.
R. W. MITCHELL	H. J. SNOWDEN	J. R. PURVIS
1896 D. G. H. AUCHINLECK	H. J. BUTTER	W. J. FORSTER
HAROLD VAUGHAN	H. J. G. ROBERTSON	A. N. KING
1897 J. F. K. HALL	1907 A. L. BARROW	G. C. B. GORDON
B. C. HARRISON	C. L. CUMMING	L. F. DUN
E. A. HUME	F. H. TURNER	B. ST. G. FRENCH
C. F. SIMONDS	LESLIE HASTINGS	A. S. BALFOUR
1899 J. A. MACGREGOR	P. M. MITCHELL	BERNHARD RISSIK
T. R. CRAWLEY BOEVEY	B. S. HARVEY	1913 GEOFFREY PELL
JOHN HARLEY	THOMAS ALLEN	I. G. HOLT, M.C.
N. M. VICKERS	E. M. COHAN	F. C. PHILLPOTTS
G. W. BARTHOLOMEW	1908 W. B. DAVIES	T. S. GENT
A. P. FORSTER	G. R. L. ANDERSON	JAMES HEMINGWAY
1900 E. A. FULTON	T. E. HOLLAND, M.C.	L. A. PINSENT
C. A. H. KEENLYSIDE	A. H. BAKER	S. B. KNAPP-FISHER
H. G. BARNES, LORD GORELL, D.S.O.	J. C. WARREN, M.C.	S. H. MACCULLOCH
H. E. PENNINGTON	ALLAN GILMOUR	N. E. BAKER
1901 C. C. HENDERSON HAMILTON	A. O. MILES	J. C. LOTT, M.C.
T. G. BROCKLEBANK	J. R. MILLIGAN	W. N. GALE
R. R. BALL	E. B. M. DELMEGE, M.C.	G. B. TAYLOR
G. M. THORNTON	G. H. COUNSELL	1914 G. T. WAKEFORD
1902 MAURICE CANE	1909 E. H. SHEARS	H. W. HAYWARD
C. R. BLAKE	L. R. M. NAPIER	M. J. STILWELL
P. B. WACE	J. R. TRINDER, M.C.	1915 D. J. DAVIES
E. T. BOLTON	D. McK. M. O'CALLAGHAN	L. A. JOSCELYNE, M.C.
HAROLD CHURCH	E. L. BEALE	VAN DYKE FERNALD
REV. C. B. W. BUCK, M.C.	V. C. DOWNES	1916 WYATT RUSHTON
D. S. FLEMING	J. H. E. WHITEHEAD	
R. F. C. TOMPSON	REV. C. B. PLUMMER	1914 H. E. EDWARDS
R. H. VAUGHAN THOMPSON	1910 B. B. QUILTER COUCH, D.S.O., M.C.	G. W. E. WHITEHEAD
J. H. GUNNER	K. F. MACKENZIE	W. J. LITTLEDALE
1903 J. D. GILKISON	R. A. GAMERON	P. G. NORBURY
H. E. CHARTERIS, LORD ELCHO	D. McL. BAIN	J. S. GOSLETT
G. J. C. MOWAT	J. L. PUMPHREY	F. C. STOER
1904 G. H. M. ROBERTSON	F. E. BULLER	1915 G. A. C. SMITH, M.C.
G. G. CHRYSTAL	H. J. I. WHITAKER	ARCHIBALD DOUGLAS
G. K. BUTTERWORTH, M.C.	F. R. DANSON	RICHARD MOORE
N. G. CHAVASSE, V.C. AND BAR. M.C.	A. H. PLUMMER	G. R. G. ROSS
E. W. ESTRIDGE	E. L. BURY, M.C.	J. S. D. CLARKE
R. N. STRUTT	G. B. JOY	1916 P. W. GRAY
1905 R. J. E. TIDY	H. G. H. COPEMAN	W. A. SWEET-ESCOTT
J. M. BELL	R. A. RITGHIE	G. L. MURRAY

ΤΑ ΣΩΜΑΤΑ ΔΙΔΟΝΤΕΣ ΤΟΝ ΑΓΗΡΩΝ ΕΠΑΙΝΟΝ ΕΛΑΜΒΑΝΟΝ

Z

## We Will Remember Them

The names of Trinity's fallen members were painted in gold on a large oak board placed within the library entrance. A second board was made to remember over 130 graduates who gave their lives in 1939-45.

The names of the fallen are read in Chapel each year on Remembrance Sunday.

HIC PERSCRIPTA SUNT NOMINA  
QUI IN BELLO OMNIUM MAXIMO  
PER VULNERA PER MORBOS  
PATRIAE SUAE SIBIQUE



HUIUSCE COLEGII ALUMNORUM  
TERRA MARIQUE ET IN AERE  
USQUE AD MORTEM FIDELES  
PACEM COMPARAVERUNT

## WE WILL REMEMBER THEM

1881	William E. T. Bolitho	Brian C. Hatton	Arthur K. Hickman
1887	George L. Calderon	Arthur C. Heberden	Ferdinand, Graf von Korff gen.
1891	Oliver Field	Frederick T. Mappin	Schmising-Kerssenbrock
1893	Evelyn L. H. Jones	Joseph A. Phillips	Thomas McClelland
	Louis F. McC. Campbell-Murdoch	Reginald J. E. Tiddy (Fellow)	Vincent G. Narey
	Thomas B. Henderson	Henry J. Butter	William E. Roper
	Harry E. Tyser	Charles J. Fowler	Charles F. Sartoris
1894	John C. Morgan	Henry G. J. Moseley	1912
	Maxwell A. Robertson	Hubert Podmore DSO	Alan S. Balfour
1895	Daniel G. H. Auchinleck	Herbert J. G. Robertson	Leslie F. Dun
	Edward Holland MC	Harcourt J. Snowden	Walter J. Forster
	Ronald W. Mitchell	Thomas Allen	Bertram St G. French
1896	Harold Vaughan	Alexander E. Barrow	Charles C. B. Gordon
1897	John E. K. Hall	Edward M. Cohan	Alfred N. King
	Brian C. Harrison	Charles L. Cumming	Guy F. Lawrence
	Edward A. Hume	Bernard S. Harvey	Vladimir, Freiherr Prazák
	Charles F. Simonds	Leslie Hastings	John R. Purvis
1899	Guy W. Bartholomew	Percy M. Mitchell	Arthur G. Rigby MC
	Thomas R. Crawley-Boevey	Gustav F. H. Schwabach	Bernhard Rissik
	Arthur P. Forster	Frederick H. Turner	1913
	John Harley	Gerard R. L. Anderson	Neville E. Baker
	John A. MacGregor	Aubrey H. Baker	William N. Gale
	Noel M. Vickers	Christopher H. Counsell	Thomas S. Gent
1900	Henry Barnes, Lord Gorell DSO	Walter B. Davies	James Hemingway
	Ernest A. Fulton	Eyres B. M. Delmege MC	Laurence G. Holt MC
	Cecil A. H. Keenlyside	Allan Gilmour	Stanley B. Knapp-Fisher
	Harold E. Pennington	Tyrrel E. Holland MC	Günther, Graf von Korff gen.
1901	Richard R. Ball	Allan O. Miles	Schmising-Kerssenbrock
	Thomas G. Brocklebank	John R. Milligan	John C. Loit MC
	Charles C. Henderson-Hamilton	John C. Warren MC	Sigurd H. Macculloch
	George M. Thornton	Edmund L. Beale	Geoffrey Peel
1902	Cecil R. Blake	Villiers C. Downes	Fitzroy C. Phillpotts
	Edward T. Bolton	Lennox R. M. Napier	Laurance A. Pinsent
	Rev. Cyril B. W. Buck MC	Duncan McK. M. O'Callaghan	Prinz Heinrich XLI Reuss zu Köstritz
	Maurice Cane	Rev. Charles B. Plummer	Geoffrey B. Taylor
	Harold Church	Edward H. Shears	Herbert W. Hayward
	Douglas S. Flemming	John R. Trinder MC	Montague J. Stilwell
	John H. Gunner	James H. E. Whitehead	George T. Wakeford
	Ronald F. C. Tompson	David McL. Bain	David J. Davies
	Richard H. Vaughan Thompson	Frederick E. Buller	Van Dyke Fernald
	Percival B. Wace	Eric L. Bury MC	Laurence A. Joscelyne MC
1903	Hugo Charteris, Lord Elcho	Robert A. Cameron	1916
	James D. Gilkison	Herbert G. H. Copeman	Wyatt Rushton
	Charles J. C. Mowat	Francis R. Danson	John S. D. Clarke
1904	George S. K. Butterworth MC	George B. Joy	Archibald Douglas
	Noel G. Chavasse MC VC and Bar	Kenneth FitzP. Mackenzie	Harold E. Edwards
	George G. Chrystal	Arthur H. Plummer	John S. Goslett
	Edward W. Estridge	John L. Pumphrey	Patrick W. Gray
	Harold A. Hodges	Bevil B. Quiller-Couch DSO MC	Willoughby J. Littledale
	George H. M. Robertson	Richard A. Ritchie	Richard Moore
	Richard N. Strutt	Hubert J. I. Whitaker	Gordon L. Murray
1905	George H. M. Alington	Robert C. Boyd	Philip G. Norbury
	John M. Bell	Archer C. Downes	George A. C. Smith MC
	James G. Hamilton-Grierson	Richard P. Gilbanks	Frederick C. Stoer
			William A. Sweet-Escott
			George W. E. Whitehead

## We Still Remember Them

Throughout the centenary period of the First World War, Trinity remembered its fallen members in an exhibition outside the Hall.

This large printed panel was based on the original commemorative board, but the roll was increased to 160, with the addition of five German and Austro-Hungarian members of Trinity who also fought, and died, in the conflict.

## For the Fallen

The centenary exhibition also featured the earliest known manuscript copy of 'For the Fallen' by Laurence Binyon (Scholar 1888 and Honorary Fellow of Trinity 1933-43). His lyrical and prescient poem was first published in *The Times* on 14 September 1914. Two years later, Binyon wrote it out for the wife of a friend.

### For the Fallen.

With proud thanksgiving, a Mother for her children,  
England mourns for her dead across the sea.  
Flesh of her flesh they were, spirit of her spirit,  
Fallen in the Cause of the free.

Solemn the drums roll: Death august & royal  
Sings sorrow up into immortal spheres.  
There is music in the midst of desolation  
And a glory that shines upon our tears.

They went with songs to the battle; they were young,  
Straight of limb, true of eye, steady and high;  
They were staunch to the end against odds uncounted;  
They fell with their faces to the foe.

They shall grow not old as we that are left grow old,  
Age shall not wither them, nor the years condemn.  
At the going down of the sun and in the morning  
We will remember them.

They mingle not with their laughing comrades again;  
They sit no more at familiar tables of home;  
They have no lot in our labours of the day-time;  
They sleep beyond England's foam.

But where our desires are, & our hopes profound,  
Felt like a well-spring that is hidden from sight,  
To the innermost heart of their own land they are known  
As the Stars are known to the Night;

As the stars that shall be bright when we are dust,  
Moving in marches upon the heavenly plain;  
As the stars that were starry in the time of our darkness  
To the end, to the end they remain.

Laurence Binyon -

## WE WILL REMEMBER THEM

### August 1916

- 3<sup>rd</sup>** **Noel M. Vickers** (1899), Lieutenant,  
Yorkshire Regiment  
Killed in action near Maroc, France.
- 5<sup>th</sup>** **George S. K. Butterworth** (1904), Lieutenant,  
Durham Light Infantry  
Killed in action in the Battle of the Somme.
- 5<sup>th</sup>** **Thomas G. Brocklebank** (1901), Captain,  
Royal Field Artillery  
Killed in action in the Battle of the Somme.
- 11<sup>th</sup>** **Reginald J. E. Tiddy** (Fellow and Tutor in English  
Literature), Second Lieutenant,  
Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry  
Killed in action near Laventie, France.
- 25<sup>th</sup>** **Guy W. Bartholomew** (1899), Captain,  
King's Royal Rifle Corps  
Killed in action in the Battle of the Somme.
- 30<sup>th</sup>** **Thomas R. Crawley-Boevey** (1899), Captain,  
Gloucestershire Regiment  
Died of wounds received in the Battle of the Somme.

## Lost Friends

Alongside Binyon's poem was placed a monthly list of the fallen. Between August 1914 and March 1919, there were only five months in which no member of Trinity was lost.

In August 1916 there were six. Less than a week after George Butterworth was shot by a sniper near Pozières, his tutor, friend, and fellow Morris dancer Reginald Tiddy was killed by another, as he inspected a trench some 50 miles away at Laventie.